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What is Claimed:

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An introducer for delivering, into the vasculature at an angeological bifurcation where a blood vessel branches into two branched vessels, a bifurcated endoluminal stent or prosthesis having a proximal portion adapted to be disposed in said blood vessel and a distal portion adapted to be disposed at least partially in one of said two branched vessels, said introducer comprising:

- (a) a tubular outer sheath;
- (b) a proximal portion pusher disposed at least partially within said outer sheath; and 10
- a distal portion pusher disposed at least 12 partially within said proximal portion pusher.
- An introducer for delivering a bifurcated. 1 2 endoluminal stent or prosthesis as claimed in claim 1 3 further comprising a balloon catheter, having a balloon attached thereto, disposed at least partially within said distal portion pusher.
- An introducer for delivering a bifurcated endoluminal stent or prosthesis as claimed in claim 2 2 further comprising a hemostasis valve attached to the distal end of said distal portion pusher.
 - An introducer for delivering a bifurcated endoluminal stent or prosthesis as claimed in claim 2

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further comprising wings on said outer sheath and said proximal portion pusher.

- 5. An introducer for delivering a bifurcated endoluminal stent or prosthesis as claimed in claim 2, wherein said balloon catheter has an injection orifice and an injection conduit therein.
 - 6. An introducer for delivering a bifurcated endoluminal stent or prosthesis as claimed in claim 2, wherein said balloon catheter has an inflation orifice and an inflation conduit therein.
 - 7. An introducer for delivering a bifurcated endoluminal stent or prosthesis as claimed in claim 2, wherein said balloon catheter has a proximal end with a nose cone attached thereto.
 - 8. An introducer for delivering into the vasculature at an angeological bifurcation where a blood vessel branches into two branched vessels, an endoluminal prosthesis having a proximal stent portion and a distal stent portion, said introducer comprising:
 - (a) a tubular outer sheath;
 - (b) a proximal portion pusher disposed at least partially within said outer sheath and having a proximal end adapted to contact said proximal stent portion;

11	(c) a distal portion pusher disposed at least
12	partially within said proximal portion pusher and having
13	a proximal end adapted to contact said distal stent
14	portion; and
15	(d) a balloon catheter, having a balloon
16	attached thereto, disposed at least partially within said
17	distal portion pusher.

- 9. An introducer for delivering an endoluminal stent into the vasculature at an angeological bifurcation where a blood vessel branches into two branched vessels, said introducer comprising:
 - (a) a tubular outer sheath;
- (b) a proximal portion pusher disposed at least partially within said outer sheath and having a proximal end adapted to contact a distal end of said stent; and
- 10 (c) a distal portion pusher disposed at least
 11 partially within said proximal portion pusher and secured
 12 to said proximal portion pusher such that proximal ends
 13 of said distal portion pusher and said proximal portion
 14 pusher are flush with one another.
 - 10. A method for delivering a bifurcated endoluminal stent or prosthesis having a proximal portion and a first distal portion into the vasculature at an

4 angeological bifurcation where a blood vessel branches

- 5. into a first branched vessel and a second branched
- 6 vessel, said method comprising the steps of:
- 7 (a) inserting a first introducer containing
 8 said stent or prosthesis into the vasculature to a
 9 predetermined delivery location, said first introducer
 10 comprising an outer sheath, a proximal portion pusher,
- 11 and a distal portion pusher;
- 12 (b) withdrawing said outer sheath of said
 13 first introducer while maintaining said proximal portion
 14 pusher in a fixed position until said proximal portion of
 15 said stent or prosthesis is deployed from said first
 16 introducer into said blood vessel;
- 17 (c) withdrawing said outer sheath and said
 18 proximal portion pusher while maintaining said distal
 19 portion pusher in a fixed position until said first
 20 distal portion of said stent or prosthesis is deployed
 21 from said first introducer at least partially into said
 22 first branched vessel; and
- (d) withdrawing said first introducer from the vasculature.
 - 1 11. A method for delivering a bifurcated 2 endoluminal stent or prosthesis as claimed in claim 10 3 further comprising the steps of:

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(a) inserting into the vasculature a second introducer containing a second distal portion of said stent or prosthesis and comprising an outer sheath and a pusher;

- (b) withdrawing said outer sheath of said second introducer while maintaining said pusher of said second introducer in a fixed position until said second distal portion of said stent or prosthesis is deployed. from said second introducer such that a proximal end of said second distal portion securely connects to said proximal portion of said stent or prosthesis, and such that a distal end of said second distal portion extends at least partially into said second branched vessel; and
- (c) withdrawing said second introducer from the vasculature.
- 12. A method for delivering a bifurcated endoluminal stent or prosthesis as claimed in claim 10 wherein said first introducer further comprises a balloon catheter having a balloon attached thereto and said method further comprises the step of inflating said balloon to at least partially block blood flow in said blood vessel after inserting said first introducer into **7** . the vasculature.
 - 13. A method for delivering, into the vasculature at an angeological bifurcation where a blood vessel branches into two branched vessels, an endoluminal

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4 prosthesis having a proximal stent portion, and a distal 5 stent portion, said method comprising the steps of:

- (a) inserting an introducer containing said prosthesis into the vasculature to a predetermined delivery location, said introducer comprising an outer sheath, a proximal stent portion pusher, a distal stent portion pusher, and a balloon catheter having a balloon attached thereto;
- (b) inflating said balloon to at leastpartially block blood flow in said blood vessel;
- (c) withdrawing said outer sheath of said introducer while maintaining said proximal stent portion pusher in a fixed position until said proximal stent portion of said prosthesis is deployed from said introducer into said blood vessel;
- (d) withdrawing said outer sheath and said proximal stent portion pusher while maintaining said distal stent portion pusher in a fixed position until said distal stent portion of said prosthesis is deployed from said introducer into said blood vessel; and
- (e) withdrawing said introducer from the vasculature.
 - 1 14. A method of treating an angeological disease at a bifurcation site where a blood vessel

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3 branches into a first branched vessel and a second

- branched vessel comprising the steps of:
- 5 (a) disposing in said blood vessel a proximal 6 portion of an endoluminal stent;
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 8 vessel into said first branched vessel through a first
 9 distal portion of said endoluminal stent, said first
 10 distal portion being connected to said proximal portion
- and extending into said first branched vessel; and
- (c) directing blood flow from said blood
 vessel into said second branched vessel through a second
 distal portion of said endoluminal stent, said second
 distal portion being connected to said proximal portion
 and extending into said second branched vessel.
 - 15. A method of treating an angeological disease at a bifurcation site where a blood vessel branches into a first branched vessel and a second branched vessel as claimed in claim 14 wherein said disease is stenosis.

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1 16. A method of treating an angeological
2 disease at a bifurcation site where a blood vessel
3 branches into a first branched vessel and a second
4 branched vessel as claimed in claim 14 that further
5 comprises covering any of said proximal portion, said
6 first distal portion, and said second distal portion with
7 fabric.

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1	17. A method of treating an angeological
2	disease at a bifurcation site where a blood vessel
3	branches into a first branched vessel and a second
4 :	branched vessel as claimed in claim 16 wherein said
5	disease is an aneurysm.

- 1 18. A method of treating an angeological disease at a bifurcation site where a blood vessel branches into a first branched vessel and a second branched vessel as claimed in claim 16 wherein said disease is an occlusion.
 - 19. An endoluminal stent comprising a plurality of hoops which are axially displaced in a tubular configuration along a common axis, each of said hoops
 - (a) being formed by a substantially complete turn of a sinuous wire having apices, and
 - (b) having a circumference that lies in a plane substantially perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of said stent;
- wherein apices of adjacent hoops are juxtaposed to one another, and at least two juxtaposed apices are connected by a securing means.
 - 20. A stent as recited in claim 19 in combination with one or more additional stent segments.

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1	21. A stent as recited in claim 20 wherein at
2	least one of said additional stent segments comprises a
3	plurality of hoops which are axially displaced in a
4	tubular configuration along a common axis, each of said
5	hoops
	요. 많은 생기를 만났다는 눈을 만들는 걸어서 그렇게 하고 말로, 함. 그렇다
6	(a) being formed by a substantially complete
7	turn of a sinuous wire having apices, and
	어느 유럽하는 점심 이렇게 없었다. 이렇게 하는 사람이 하나 사람이 하나 없다. 하는
8	(b) having a circumference that lies in a plan
9	substantially perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of
0	said stent;

22. A stent as recited in claim 20 wherein said one or more additional segments are axially aligned

to one another, and at least two juxtaposed apices are

connected by a securing means.

with one another.

wherein apices of adjacent hoops are juxtaposed

23. A stent as recited in claim 20 wherein said one or more additional segments are secured to one another by connecting means connecting at least some of the apices of hoops at mating ends of said stent and said additional segments.

1	٠,		24. 1	A ste	ent as	recited	in clas	m 20 when	cein
2	•	 adjacent	hoops a	are o	of the	same dia	ameter.		

- 25. A stent as recited in claim 20 wherein

 2 adjacent hoops are of a different diameter
- 26. A stent as recited in claim 22 wherein said axially aligned segments are connected to one another by a tubular fabric element.
- 27. A stent as recited in claim 20 wherein a first additional segment is axially parallel to, but noncommon co-axial with, said stent.
- 28. A stent as recited in claim 27 further
 comprising a second additional segment axially parallel
 to said stent, but non-co-axial with either said stent or
 said first additional stent segment.
- 29. A stent as recited in claim 28 wherein at least one of said additional stent segments is of frustoconical shape and is further combined with an additional stent segment, one end of which includes a mating frustoconical shape.
- 30. At stent as recited in claim 29, wherein said mating frustoconical stent segments are adapted to be separately placed in a bifurcated artery and then, by

expansion of one of said frustoconical stent segments, secured to one another

- 1 31. An endoluminal stent as claimed in claim
- 2 19 wherein said hoops are formed of a single continuous
- 3 wire.
- 1 32. An endoluminal stent as claimed in claim
- 2 19 wherein said securing means is a suture.
- 1 33. An endoluminal stent as claimed in claim
- 2 32 wherein said suture is a tied loop of thermoplastic
- 3 material.
- 1 34. An endoluminal stent as claimed in claim
- 2 19 wherein said securing means is a ring.
- 1 35. An endoluminal stent as claimed in claim
- 2 19 wherein said securing means is a staple.
- 1 36. An endoluminal stent as claimed in claim
- 2 19 wherein said securing means is wire twisted into loop.
- 1 37. An endoluminal stent as claimed in claim
- 2 36 wherein said wire is nitinol.

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1 38. An endoluminal stent as claimed in claim
2 19 wherein said securing means is bead of thermoplastic
3 material.

- 1 39. An endoluminal stent as claimed in claim
 2 19 wherein the plane of the circumference at each
 3 longitudinal end of the stent is square to the stent as longitudinal axis of the stent.
- 1 40. An endoluminal stent as claimed in claim
 2 19 wherein said stent is at least partially covered in
 3 fabric.
- 1 41. An endoluminal stent as claimed in claim 2 31 wherein said wire is nitinol.
 - 42. A method of making an endoluminal stent having a plurality of hoops which are axially displaced in a tubular configuration, each of said hoops being formed by a substantially complete turn of a sinuous wire with apices and having a circumference that lies in a plane substantially perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the stent, said method comprising the steps of:
 - (a) winding a wire in a zig-zag pattern around a mandrel having a plurality of upstanding pins defining said zig-zag pattern to form a first hoop having apices and a circumference that lies in a plane substantially perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of said mandrel;
- (b) longitudinally displacing said wire with respect to the axis of said mandrel;

15	(c) winding said wire in a zig-zag pattern
16	around a plurality of upstanding pins on said mandrel to
17	form a second hoop, adjacent said first hoop, having
18	apices juxtaposed to the apices of said first
19	circumferential hoop and a circumference that lies in a
20	plane substantially perpendicular to the longitudinal
21	daxis of said mandrel; who common speed an elal med in co
22	(d) longitudinally displacing said wire with
23	respect to the axis of said mandrel;
	불어놓아 왜 많이 하느낌이다. 말한 나는 아픈데 친구들이 없다. 뭐 하다.
24	(e) repeating steps (a) - (d) to form additional
25	hoops until a predetermined number of hoops are formed;
26	(f) annealing said wire on said mandrel;
erie Nach	
27	(g) cooling said wire on said mandrel;
	보는 하는 경우를 보고 있다. 그는 사람들이 살아 되는 사람들이 살아야 되는 것이 없다.
28	(h) removing said wire from said mandrel; and
29	(i) securing together at least two juxtaposed
30	apices of adjacent hoops.
*	
1	43. An endoluminal stent comprising a
2	radiopaque marker disposed on at least one end of the
3	stent.
1	44. An endoluminal stent as claimed in claim
2	43 wherein said radiopaque marker comprises a radiopaque
4	- In Miletern Sara ragrobadge marker combires a ragrobadge

element attached to one end of said stent.

1			45. A	n endol	uminal	stent	as clain	ned in	claim
2	44 w	herein	said	element	is a	platinu	m wire.		

- 46. An endoluminal stent as claimed in claim
 44 wherein said element is a gold wire.
- 1 47. An endoluminal stent as claimed in claim
 2 43 wherein said radiopaque marker comprises a radiopaque
 3 tube disposed around a part of said stent.
- 1 48. An endoluminal stent as claimed in claim 2 47 wherein said tube is platinum.
- 1 49. An endoluminal stent as claimed in claim 2 47 wherein said tube is gold.
- 50. A bifurcated stent for use in juxtaposition with an angeological bifurcation comprising 2 3 a proximal stent portion adapted to be disposed within a blood vessel in juxtaposition with a bifurcation, a first 4 distal stent portion adapted to extend across the 5 6 bifurcation into one of the branched blood vessels, and a second distal stent portion adapted to allow blood to 7 flow from the proximal portion into the other branched 9. vessel and, at least one barb extending radially outward 10 from any of said proximal stent portion, said first 11 distal stent portion, and said second distal stent 12 portion.
 - 51. Apparatus for delivering an endoluminal stent or prosthesis into the vasculature comprising:

3	(a) an introducer having a on a distal end
4	thereof; and
5	(b) a cartridge having an inner tubular member
6	containing said stent or prosthesis in a compressed
7	state, an outer sheath, and a second portion of said lock
8	fitting;
9	wherein said first portion of said lock fitting
0	on said introducer mates with said second portion of said
1	lock fitting on said cartidge to prevent relative
2	movement of said introducer and said cartridge.

- 52. Apparatus as claimed in claim 51 wherein said lock fitting is a Luer lock.
- 53. Apparatus as claimed in claim 51 further comprising a hemostasis valve on said introducer and a pusher adapted to push said compressed stent or prosthesis through said cartridge, through said introducer, and into the vasculature.